postmetry

D

What's inside the newslette

Dross&Scha

Sender	news@dross-schaffer.com
Sending platform	Cleverreach
Emails read	1 campaign, 2 transactional
Period	August 2026

Overall score

A B **C** 73/100 D E F

The main finding

DMARC alignment was not validated on all 2 transactional messages.

It is the first of 7 points to fix. The highest score is technical (100/100), the lowest deliverability (50/100), better than 0% of the 642 brands measured.

Transactional
2 messages

August 2026 · calculated on 22 November

Compliance

88 /100

better than 94% of the 643 brands measured

Deliverability

50 /100

better than 0% of the 642 brands measured

Technical

100 /100

better than 74% of the 643 brands measured

Experience

60 /100

better than 50% of the 643 brands measured

7 points to fix

Each line leads to the criterion in its family, with the excerpt that establishes it and how to fix it.

Priority

DMARC alignment was not validated

Criterion “DMARC alignment validated” · Deliverability · on all 2 transactional messages

−20 pts
out of 20 in Deliverability

The signing domain (DKIM d=) or the envelope domain (SPF, Return-Path) must be the domain of the From address or one of its subdomains.

Priority

The recipient's address is written into the message

Criterion “No recipient identifier in the message” · Compliance · on all 2 transactional messages

−10 pts
out of 10 in Compliance

```
header:X-email adresse:clair
```

Links carry no email address, contact identifier or automatic login token in their parameters.

To review

The published DMARC policy keeps out no impersonation

Criterion “DMARC policy that helps keep out some impersonation” · Deliverability · on all 2 transactional messages

−15 pts
out of 15 in Deliverability

A _dmarc.<domain> TXT record declares the policy: v=DMARC1; p=quarantine; rua=mailto:… at the very least, p=reject once the sending sources are aligned.

To review

The message puts obstacles in the way of assistive technology

Criterion “The message stays readable with assistive technology” · Experience · measured on 2 transactional messages

−13.3 pts
out of 20 in Experience

To review

Preheader missing, too short or too long

Criterion “The message makes sense without its images, from the inbox on” · Experience · measured on 2 transactional messages

−12.5 pts
out of 25 in Experience

Secondary

No adaptation to screen width declared

Criterion “The message declares its adaptation to screens” · Experience · measured on 2 transactional messages

−7.5 pts
out of 15 in Experience

Secondary

The text version carries less than 80% of the links

Criterion “The message can be rendered outside HTML” · Experience · measured on 2 transactional messages

−7.5 pts
out of 15 in Experience

13 criteria met, including « No open-tracking pixel » and « DKIM signature validated ». They are listed in their family, below.

Every send, at the time it arrived

One dot per message received by our subscription since November. Tap a dot to open it; the arrows move from one send to the next.

Technical reading of the send of Aug. 8, 2026 →

1
campaign in 1 week

No fixed day
sending day

about one a week, in November

Tuesday leads, 1 of the 1 campaigns

16 h – 17 h

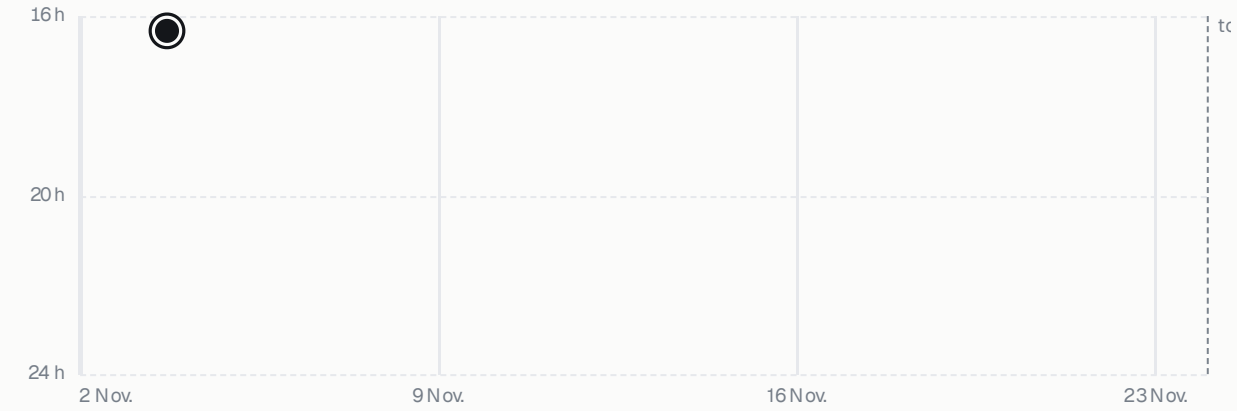
arrival window

1 of the 1 campaigns

3 Nov.

last send received

« So sehen Küchen 2027 aus »



Pixel

Score 49

campaign · transactional · change observed · pixel present

Campaign 1 of 1

Tuesday 3 Nov., 16:19

So sehen Küchen 2027 aus

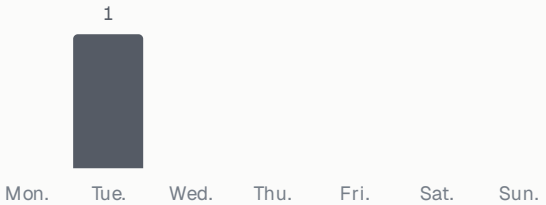
Type Marketing campaign

Score 49 / 100

Pixel Present, detected by its size

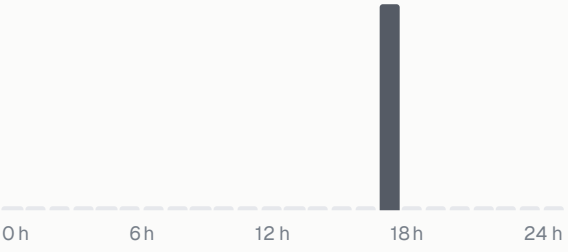
Sending day

Tap a bar to find its sends on the timeline.



Arrival time

Hour by hour, on the campaign received.



No change observed since November Each campaign is compared with the previous one, criterion by criterion.

Criteria in detail

The 24 criteria + 1 bonus

13 met · **4** partly met · **3** not met · **1** not observable · **3** not applicable



Compliance

These checks cover what the send imposes on the recipient and what it leaves them: measurement of their behaviour, ways to leave, tracking of their objection.

Tracking pixels: the CNIL rule Method, Compliance family

better than 94% of the 643 brands measured

The calculation · 70 pts out of 80, scaled to 100

3 met · 1 not met · 1 not observable · 1 not applicable



Weight of each criterion in the score.

No open-tracking pixel — Met — 35 pts

No open-tracking pixel on 2 transactional messages

35 points out of 35 — met on 2 of 2 transactional messages concerned.

Met when no tracking pixel is present. A single pixel is enough for the criterion not to be met on an email.

CNIL 14/04/2026·LIL art.82 · PM-PRIV-001 · The detection rule

Unsubscribing is possible and announced — Not applicable — not applicable

This measurement did not apply to any of the emails received. It **drops out of the denominator**: it is never counted as a failure.

Met when the message announces unsubscribing in its headers, through a page rather than an email to write, and in its body. The detail says which of the two is missing. Not applicable to a transactional email.

RFC 2369 · PM-PRIV-002

The recipient keeps control over tracking — Not observable — outside the calculation

The recipient keeps control over tracking — no emails concerned

This measurement did not apply to any of the emails received. It **drops out of the denominator**: it is never counted as a failure.

Two measures: does the unsubscribe link go through a tracker, and does a separate path lead to a preference center or to refusing tracking? Neither establishes that a refusal succeeds — checking would require following the link, which would record a click on the sending platform's side. They describe the control left to the recipient, not the result they would get.

What was measured — 0 met out of 0

- Untracked unsubscribe link — no emails concerned Not observable
- A separate path leads to a preference center or to refusing tracking Not applicable

CNIL 14/04/2026·Postmetry · PM-PRIV-003

The message says who is writing and under which rules

Met

20 pts

The message says who is writing and under which rules on 2 transactional messages

20 points out of 20 — share of observations met across 2 transactional messages.

A commercial email must make it possible to identify the advertiser (CPCE, article L. 34-5), and the recipient must be able to know who processes their data. This indicator groups what a message can show of it.

What was measured — 3 met out of 3

- The message names its sender on 2 transactional messages — Met
- A reply to the message is possible on 2 transactional messages — Met
- A link leads to the privacy policy on 2 transactional messages — Met

CPCE L. 34-5 ·directive 2000/31 art. 6·CAN-SPAM · PM-PRIV-004

An untracked path leads to the site

Met

15 pts

An untracked path leads to the site on 2 transactional messages

15 points out of 15 — met on 2 of 2 transactional messages concerned.

Met when at least one link in the message leads to the brand's site without going through a click counter.

Postmetry · PM-PRIV-005

No recipient identifier in the message

Not met

0/10 pts

The recipient's address is written into the message on the 2 transactional messages concerned

0 points out of 10 — met on 0 of 2 transactional messages concerned.

Base64-encoded or hashed, it is still the address: a hash is recovered by hashing a list of known addresses. Placed in a URL or a header, it travels wherever the message goes — redirect server logs, analytics tools, browser history.

The excerpt that establishes it

```
header:X-email adresse:clair
```

How to fix it

Links carry no email address, contact identifier or automatic login token in their parameters. In the email platform, these come from merge variables inserted into URLs (`?email={{contact.email}}`, `?uid=…`): remove them from the template's links, and turn off login-by-link if it is offered.

The platform still identifies the recipient for tracked clicks; what changes is that the address no longer travels in clear to the website, its analytics and its partners.

Met when the recipient's address appears — neither in clear, nor encoded, nor hashed — in no URL and no proprietary header. Addressing headers do not count: they carry it by design.

Postmetry·RGPD art. 4 en repère · PM-PRIV-020

Deliverability

50
out of 100

These checks read the authentication verdict set by our server when the message arrived. This verdict is dated by construction: we never recalculate it, which would query today's DNS rather than the DNS of the day the email was sent.

Gmail sender requirements ↗ (https://support.google.com/a/answer/81126)
Yahoo requirements ↗ (https://senders.yahooinc.com/best-practices/) Method, Deliverability family
better than 0% of the 642 brands measured

The calculation · 35 pts out of 70, scaled to 100 — 3 met · 2 not met · 1 not applicable



Weight of each criterion in the score.

DKIM signature validated — Met — 20 pts

Valid DKIM signature on 2 transactional messages

20 points out of 20 — met on 2 of 2 transactional messages concerned.

Met when our receiving server validated the DKIM signature of the email.

RFC 6376 · RFC 8601 · PM-DELIV-001
RFC 6376 — DomainKeys Identified Mail (DKIM) Signatures (https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc6376)
RFC 8601 — Message Header Field for Indicating Message Authentication Status (https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc8601)

DMARC alignment validated — Not met — 0/20 pts

DMARC alignment failed on the 2 transactional messages concerned

0 points out of 20 — met on 0 of 2 transactional messages concerned.

How to fix it

The signing domain (DKIM d=) or the envelope domain (SPF, `Return-Path`) must be the domain of the `From` address or one of its subdomains. In the email platform, this means authenticating the sending domain itself rather than using the platform's shared domain, and turning on the "custom Return-Path" when the option exists.

Alignment is what DMARC checks: without it, a published DMARC policy gets your own mail rejected.

Met when the domain shown in the sender matches the one that authenticated the message.

RFC 9989 · PM-DELIV-002
RFC 9989 — Domain-Based Message Authentication, Reporting, and Conformance (DMARC) (https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc9989)

DMARC policy that helps keep out some impersonation — Not met — 0/15 pts

DMARC policy in observation only on the 2 transactional messages concerned

0 points out of 15 — met on 0 of 2 transactional messages concerned.

How to fix it

A `_dmarc.<domain>` TXT record declares the policy: `v=DMARC1; p=quarantine; rua=mailto:…` at the very least, `p=reject` once the sending sources are aligned. The move happens in stages (p=none

with reports, then `quarantine`, then `reject`) over a few weeks, reading the reports to find the tools that send on behalf of the domain.

A none policy prevents no spoofing of the domain; `quarantine` or `reject` closes the door and meets the Gmail and Yahoo requirements for bulk senders.

Met when the published policy is “reject” or “quarantine”. A “none” policy asks nothing of mail providers: it is published with no effect on messages that impersonate the domain.

RFC 9989 §4.7 · PM-DELIV-003 · RFC 9989 — section 4.7, “p” tag (https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc9989#section-4.7)

No SPF failure — Met — 10 pts

No SPF failure on 2 transactional messages

10 points out of 10 — met on 2 of 2 transactional messages concerned.

Met when SPF does not fail. An SPF “none” alongside a valid DKIM and DMARC is a common and legitimate configuration: it is not penalized.

RFC 7208 · PM-DELIV-004

RFC 7208 — Sender Policy Framework (SPF) for Authorizing Use of Domains in Email (https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc7208)

One-click unsubscribe, as defined by RFC 8058 — Not applicable — not applicable

This measurement did not apply to any of the emails received. It **drops out of the denominator**: it is never counted as a failure.

Met when the “List-Unsubscribe” header carries an https address and “List-Unsubscribe-Post” is exactly “List-Unsubscribe=One-Click”. This is what Gmail and Yahoo require of bulk senders: the mailbox's button then acts without opening a page. Not applicable to a transactional email.

RFC 8058 · Gmail et Yahoo · PM-DELIV-005

A DKIM signature that covers what matters — Met — 5 pts

The DKIM signature covers what matters in the message on 2 transactional messages

5 points out of 5 — share of observations met across 2 transactional messages.

What the signature covers, not only that it passes: an algorithm accepted by RFC 8301, the whole body signed, the From, Subject, Date and List-Unsubscribe headers signed, a signature not expired on receipt. Not applicable without a DKIM signature.

What was measured — 3 met out of 3

- ■ Accepted signing algorithm on 2 transactional messages — Met
- ■ Whole body signed on 2 transactional messages — Met
- ■ Essential headers signed on 2 transactional messages — Met
- □ Signature valid on receipt — Not applicable

RFC 6376 · RFC 8301 · PM-DELIV-006

Technical

100
out of 100

These checks cover what email clients actually do with the message: truncation, style blocks removed, resources never loaded. Each threshold states where it comes from: the documented behaviour of an email client, a specification, or our own method.

Support by email client (caniemail) ↗ (https://www.caniemail.com/) Method, Technical family

better than 74% of the 643 brands measured

The calculation · 85 pts out of 85, scaled to 100 — 6 met



Weight of each criterion in the score.

HTML under Gmail's clipping threshold — Met — 25 pts

HTML under Gmail's clipping threshold on 2 transactional messages

25 points out of 25 — met on 2 of 2 transactional messages concerned.

Met when the HTML part stays under 102 KB. Beyond that, Gmail cuts off the end of the message — and the end is where the unsubscribe link and the notices are.

Gmail · PM-TECH-001

A shallow template — Met — 20 pts

Shallow template on 2 transactional messages

20 points out of 20 — share of observations met across 2 transactional messages.

Met when layout tables are nested no more than 6 levels deep. Beyond that, the Word engine shared by desktop Outlook and the diverging clients each render the template their own way.

What was measured — 1 met out of 1

- Lightly nested layout tables on 2 transactional messages — Met

Postmetry · PM-TECH-002

Well-formed HTML — Met — 15 pts

Well-formed HTML on 2 transactional messages

15 points out of 15 — share of observations met across 2 transactional messages.

A doctype, a character set declared in the document, balanced tags and unique identifiers. Each client repairs incomplete markup its own way, which is what makes rendering unpredictable. End tags that HTML makes optional do not count.

What was measured — 4 met out of 4

- Doctype declared on 2 transactional messages — Met
- Character set declared in the HTML on 2 transactional messages — Met
- Balanced tags on 2 transactional messages — Met
- Unique identifiers on 2 transactional messages — Met

WHATWG · PM-TECH-030

Every link leads somewhere — Met — 10 pts

Every link leads somewhere on 2 transactional messages

10 points out of 10 — met on 2 of 2 transactional messages concerned.

Met when no link is empty, reduced to "#" or written as "javascript:". Such a link leads nowhere, and most clients neutralise it. Not applicable if the message contains no link.

Postmetry · PM-TECH-031

No remote stylesheet — Met — 10 pts

No remote stylesheet on 2 transactional messages

10 points out of 10 — met on 2 of 2 transactional messages concerned.

Met when the message calls no external stylesheet, through "link" or "@import". Several clients never load them. A font stylesheet does not count: without it, the text falls back to another font.

caniemail · PM-TECH-020 · <link> in an email — support by client (https://www.caniemail.com/features/html-link/)

The message follows the shape of an email — Met — 5 pts

The message follows the shape of an email on 2 transactional messages

5 points out of 5 — share of observations met across 2 transactional messages.

Lines of 998 bytes at most, readable Message-ID and Date, a character set announced on every text part, a transfer encoding consistent with the content (RFC 5322, RFC 2045). Most servers tolerate these deviations, each in its own way.

What was measured — 5 met out of 5

- Lines of 998 bytes at most on 2 transactional messages — Met
- Well-formed Message-ID on 2 transactional messages — Met
- Readable date on 2 transactional messages — Met
- Character set announced on every text part on 2 transactional messages — Met
- Consistent transfer encoding on 2 transactional messages — Met

RFC 5322 · RFC 2045 · PM-TECH-010



Experience

Four questions about what becomes of the message once received: does it stay understandable, can the recipient still act, can a client render it, can a screen display it. Automatic detection only covers what is declared in the message.

WCAG 2.2 ↗ (https://www.w3.org/TR/WCAG22/) Method, Experience family

better than 50% of the 643 brands measured

The calculation · 54 pts out of 90, scaled to 100

1 met · 4 partly met · 1 not applicable · 1 bonus



Weight of each criterion in the score.

The message makes sense without its images, from the inbox on

Partly met

12.5/25 pts

Preheader missing, too short or too long on the 2 transactional messages concerned (1 of 2 measures met)

12.5 points out of 25 — share of observations met across 2 transactional messages.

How to fix it

A preheader of 40 to 130 characters, in real text, follows the subject in the inbox; every meaningful image has an `alt` attribute that says what it shows; the main message is in text, not inside an image. In the editor, the preheader is a dedicated field, and the `alt` is filled in image by image.

Half of readers see the message without images when it first opens. An `alt` and a preheader take a minute per campaign.

Met when the message keeps at least 200 readable characters with images blocked, and a preheader of 40 to 130 characters announces it in the message list. Without a preheader, the inbox shows the first text of the body instead — often “View in browser”.

What was measured — 1 met out of 2

- At least 200 characters remain readable with images blocked on 2 transactional messages — Met
- Preheader missing, too short or too long on the 2 transactional messages concerned — Not met

Postmetry · PM-EXP-001

The message can be rendered outside HTML

Partly met

7.5/15 pts

The text version is missing or does not render the message — 1 of 3 measures met

7.5 points out of 15 — share of observations met across 2 transactional messages.

How to fix it

The text version (`text/plain`) comes with the HTML and carries the content and the links, not just a sentence saying “open this message in your browser”. Email platforms generate it from the HTML when the option is on (“auto-generate plain text”).

This is the version that watches, screen readers and some business clients read; spam filters also use it, comparing the two versions.

Met when a text version comes with the email and carries the essentials: at least 60% of its text and 80% of its links. A client that does not display HTML falls back on it; reduced to “view the web version”, it renders nothing.

What was measured — 1 met out of 3

- A plain-text version accompanies the message on 2 transactional messages — Met
- The text version carries less than 60% of the text (1 of 2 transactional messages concerned) — Partly met
- The text version carries less than 80% of the links on the 2 transactional messages concerned — Not met

Postmetry · PM-EXP-002

All links stay visible with images blocked — Met — 15 pts

All links stay visible with images blocked on 2 transactional messages

15 points out of 15 — met on 2 of 2 transactional messages concerned.

Met when no link is carried by a single image without alternative text: such a link leaves nothing on screen. Not applicable if the message contains no links.

Postmetry · PM-EXP-003

Tap targets large enough — Not applicable — not applicable

This measurement did not apply to any of the emails received. It **drops out of the denominator**: it is never counted as a failure.

Met when no sized tap target falls below 24 px a side (WCAG 2.2, criterion 2.5.8). Only targets with a declared dimension are measured; the criterion's exceptions — a target within a line of text, sufficient spacing — are not. Not applicable if the message declares no dimensions.

WCAG 2.2 — 2.5.8 · PM-EXP-004

WCAG 2.2 — Target Size (Minimum), success criterion 2.5.8, level AA (https://www.w3.org/TR/WCAG22/#target-size-minimum)

The message stays readable with assistive technology — Partly met — 6.7/20 pts

The message puts obstacles in the way of assistive technology — 1 of 3 measures met

6.7 points out of 20 — share of observations met across 2 transactional messages.

How to fix it

Four fixes, all in the template: declare the message language on the `<html>` tag (`lang="en"` for an email in English), describe each content image in its `alt` attribute, mark layout tables with `role="presentation"`, and write links that say where they lead rather than “click here”.

The criterion detail shows which ones are missing from your emails; the others are already met.

A decorative image — divider, spacer — keeps an empty `alt=""`: that is what keeps it silent, not an oversight.

Declared language, described content images, layout tables marked as such, link texts that say where they lead: what a screen reader needs to render the message. The detail says which of these measures is missing.

What was measured — 1 met out of 3

- Message language not declared on the 2 transactional messages concerned — Not met
- Every content image carries alternative text — Not applicable
- Layout tables announced as data tables on the 2 transactional messages concerned — Not met
- Every link says where it leads on 2 transactional messages — Met

WCAG 2.2 · RGAA · PM-EXP-005

HTML Standard — The lang and xml:lang attributes (https://html.spec.whatwg.org/multipage/dom.html#the-lang-and-xml:lang-attributes)

HTML Standard — Requirements for providing text to act as an alternative for images (https://html.spec.whatwg.org/multipage/images.html#alt)

The message declares its adaptation to screens — Partly met — 7.5/15 pts

No adaptation to screen width declared on the 2 transactional messages concerned (1 of 2 measures met)

7.5 points out of 15 — share of observations met across 2 transactional messages.

How to fix it

The HTML has a `<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width">` tag and `@media` rules that adapt the width and the columns below 600 px; the fixed 600 px width only holds for desktop clients. Modern editors produce them; an old or hand-made template often lacks them.

Without these rules, the message shows at 600 px on a 390 px screen: zooming required, unreadable text, links too small.

Met when the message declares its viewport and its adaptation to screen width. Without them, it displays on a phone at its original width, and is read by zooming and scrolling sideways.

What was measured — 1 met out of 2

- Viewport declared on 2 transactional messages — Met
- No adaptation to screen width declared on the 2 transactional messages concerned — Not met

W3C · PM-EXP-026 · CSS Device Adaptation — the viewport tag (https://www.w3.org/TR/css-device-adapt-1/) Media Queries Level 4 (https://www.w3.org/TR/mediaqueries-4/)

Dark mode declared

Bonus point earned

+5 pts

The message declares its support for dark mode on 2 transactional messages

5 points out of 5 — met on 2 of 2 transactional messages concerned.

Earned when the message declares `color-scheme` or a `prefers-color-scheme` rule. No standard requires it — clients that force dark mode invert the colors themselves — but declaring it leaves control to the template rather than to the mail client.

caniemail · PM-EXP-027

Does this address really send Dross&Schaffer's emails?

DKIM d=dross-schaffer.com · SPF pass · DKIM pass · DMARC not evaluated · 2 transactional

Across 2 transactional messages from Dross&Schaffer received at our addresses since August 2026:

From field	`news@dross-schaffer.com` · 2 of 2
DKIM signing domain (d=)	`crsend.com` · 2 of 2 `dross-schaffer.com` · 2 of 2
Verdict on receipt	**SPF** pass · 2 of 2 **DKIM** pass · 2 of 2 **DMARC** not evaluated · 2 of 2

The verdict is the one the receiving server wrote in the Authentication-Results header when the message arrived: it is read, never recomputed.

These findings describe the emails received at our addresses. They say nothing about a message received elsewhere: the From field can be written freely, and only the headers of the message you received show the path it took.

Reading notes

How to read this page

01 **A criterion that is not observable or not applicable leaves the calculation.** It stays listed, never counted as zero: its weight leaves the denominator rather than weighing as a failure.

02 Each line describes an **observable finding**, with the excerpt that establishes it. No legal qualification is ever attached to it.

03 The measurements come from **deterministic analyzers**: the same message always gives the same result, and a disputed finding can be redone identically from the archive.

04 Every share is published **on an observed basis**, and names it: “26 of 30 brands analyzed.” A brand with no email received enters no denominator.

05 The **deliverability score is borrowed**: its verdict comes from the server that received the message. All the other families come from our own analyzers.

Does this analysis speak to you?

Let's go through it together, in 20 minutes.

We go over the 7 points with you, the evidence for each and the order in which to fix them. By video call, no commitment.

Pick a time slot : https://cal.com/noam-ouaknine-ecibnn/20min (https://cal.com/noam-ouaknine-ecibnn/20min)

Get Dross&Schaffer's changes

One email when a criterion changes state, nothing else.

Do you work at Dross&Schaffer?

Claim the brand: transactional emails, alerts, dated evidence.

The Pro version

Full history, before and after, alerts.

This report can also be read online, with a preview of each email:
https://postmetry.com/en/marque/drossschaffer/?kind=transactional